

## FOREST SERVICE MAKES PROGRESS

Chief Inspector Benedict Says  
Gratifying Results Have  
Been Shown by Work.

### AREAS OF TIMBER IN UTAH

#### VAST FORESTS OF MERCHANT- ABLE PRODUCT.

Chief Inspector R. E. Benedict of national forest district No. 4, who returned from Washington a day or two ago, had so far cleaned up his correspondence yesterday that he had a moment to spare for the newspaper men.

Mr. Benedict has been attending a meeting of all the chief inspectors in Washington, at which the heads of departments were also present. It was a meeting for the interchange of ideas, the presentation of the needs by men who are familiar with conditions in the field and the general discussion of plans and methods for improving the service.

Mr. Benedict says the convention was successful in the last degree and that much benefit will result. In discussing the meeting and the results of the work of the forest service during the last year, Mr. Benedict said:

"While, of course, as was to be expected, everything planned for was not accomplished, Mr. Pinchot and the members of the forest service as a whole are, I believe, well satisfied with the progress of the work during the past year. I do not mean to give the impression that enough was done, or that the work of managing the timber sales, the handling of the stock on the ranges, disposition of timber under the free use privilege or the protection of the forests from fire was wholly satisfactory. We all know perfectly that many of the present methods are crude and are susceptible of great improvement, but considering all the difficulties and disadvantages under which the work is performed, its newness and a short-handed force, mostly untrained, it is felt that a great advancement has been made.

#### Timber Saving Effected.

"Thus, in the management of the timber, the value of which amounts to something like \$200,000,000, we have so far been able to use only the most elemental principles of forest management as it is practiced in Europe. By means, however, of the most simple rules, so far put into force, which merely require as complete utilization of the tree as the market permits, a saving of from 10 to 20 per cent in the timber has been effected. At the same time enough trees have been left standing, and provision made for their protection from destruction by fire, to permit of a second cutting in from thirty to seventy-five years. This is in itself a great improvement over the old methods of logging, under which much timber was wasted and the cuttings left in such shape that fire almost inevitably followed. On the other hand, we have not as yet been able to place in the hands of the lumbermen accurate information in regard to the location of commercial bodies of timber, and the probable cost of extraction. Plans have recently been perfected by the department of timber sales to do this, and I am sure the movement will be heartily appreciated by the lumbermen.

#### In Utah Forests.

"In the meeting at Washington an attempt was also made to classify the various forests according to the amount of merchantable timber on them and the

probable market for it. Thus the forests like the Salt Lake, Bear River and Manti, which have only a limited supply of timber and a comparatively dense population surrounding them, are placed in one class. On such forests it will be the policy to limit the sale of timber to small amounts for the use of the local people only. It has already happened in a number of places that the local supply of timber has been completely cut and shipped to some distant point, making it necessary for the settlers to import their lumber and pay a much higher price.

"On other forests, like the Uintah, with two billions of feet of timber, the Sevier, with five million and the Aquarius, with one hundred and fifty million feet, and a very small population to supply, it will be the policy to encourage large sales of timber, which will go into the general market.

"Plans have also been made to do everything possible with the funds at the disposal of the service, to improve the means of transportation to the timber bodies. This will include the construction of roads and the clearing of streams to make them drivable, the cost of such works being too great for private capital.

#### Grazing Problem Important.

"The grazing problem, which is of very great importance in Utah, Idaho and Wyoming, was gone over thoroughly, and ways and means to increase the carrying capacity of the ranges were given the most careful consideration. This can be done by opening up ranges at present used on account of inaccessibility or lack of water, by the construction of roads and reservoirs, developing springs and laying pipe lines. The carrying capacity of a range can also be increased by employing improved methods of handling stock on the range and by restoring worn-out ranges with better species of forage. Better methods of handling stock on the range can only be discovered through experience, but it is planned to send out a number of experts, experienced stockmen, to make a thorough study of the problem on the ground. The construction of drift fences will also aid materially in the handling of cattle, and funds will be appropriated for this purpose wherever fences will evidently be of assistance.

#### For Better Forage.

"The present corps of experts who are conducting experiments on the improvement of the forage on the ranges will be increased and valuable results are hoped for.

"The system now in operation of granting permits for grazing privileges for a single grazing season only is recognized as being ill adapted to conditions, and as rapidly as possible it is planned to authorize the supervisors to grant five-year permits.

Owing to the limited appropriations, great difficulty has been encountered by the forest service in the past two years, since the enactment by congress of the act of June 11, 1906 (opening agricultural lands within national forests to settlement under the homestead law), in having the lands examined promptly. It is now planned to establish six districts, with a man in charge of each, who will have a corps of examiners under him. This officer will also have charge of the examination of mining claims, all of which will be inspected when patent has been applied for. It is probable that one of these officers will be located in Salt Lake. This plan will make it much easier for claimants to present their side of a case or to take an appeal. I feel certain that the plan will prove of much benefit to the applicants for homesteads and mining patents.

#### For Permanent Improvements.

"At the close of the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1908, the forest service will have spent \$500,000 in permanent improvements in the national forests. These improvements consist of telephone lines, roads, trails, development of water, drift fences, cabins for rangers, etc. Congress will probably appropriate \$200,000 for the purpose for the next fiscal year, and the work will be pushed as rapidly as possible. In order to expedite the work and keep in closer touch with operations, the chief engineer and his corps of engineers in charge of this line work have been

moved into the field with headquarters at Ogden.

"It is clearly seen by the forester that the best administration of the forests can not be achieved unless the chiefs of departments are in close touch with conditions, and unless the users of the forests have an opportunity to present their cases in person. It is impossible at the present time for a number of reasons to move the central office from Washington into the field, but it will undoubtedly be done as soon as practicable. In the meantime, the supervisors and rangers are being given more and more authority to settle questions on the ground, and by means of the inspectors who are permanently in the field, the users of the forests have full opportunity to have any complaints investigated.

#### Are Doing Good Service.

"The scientific departments of the forest service, which are distinct from that part of the service engaged in the administration of the national forests, are all doing work which is of great importance. I think, to the people at large.

"The department of tree planting is doing much to encourage forest planting throughout the United States, and particularly in the treeless regions. It has collected and placed before the public vast amount of valuable information in regard to the species of trees which will thrive in different regions, and also the best methods of treatment.

"The department of forest products is doing a very important and valuable work in collecting data relative to the qualities and uses of the different kinds of timber, the best methods of prolonging the life of timbers and other ways of utilizing and economizing our supply of timber which is now seen by all will soon be exhausted.

#### In Readable Form.

"The department of publication and information, which is charged with the duty of placing the information collected by the various technical departments before the public, has used every possible means to do this efficiently. Realizing that the usual form of government publications is not adapted to the general public, it has compiled the information in short, readable articles, and given them to the newspapers. The newspapers have been glad to print these articles and in this way they have reached a much greater number of readers than would have been the case had they been issued as government

bulletins. Recently this plan was criticized very severely in congress on the ground that the service is in effect maintaining a press bureau, but I cannot see that the department is doing anything reprehensible in using modern methods to disseminate information, which it is required to do by law.

#### Those Wild Horse Stories.

"As an instance of the vast number of forgers reached by utilizing the newspapers, I might cite the articles in regard to the wild horse proposition on the Nevada forests, which were printed by the Salt Lake papers a month or so ago. This news item must have been copied very widely by other papers, for the Washington office was deluged with letters from every state in the union protesting against the killing of these horses.

"Altogether I feel that great progress has been made by the forest service during the past year. The people generally have shown great interest in the work of the service and the forest problems. The eastern people are almost a unit in demanding the establishment of national forests covering the White mountains in New Hampshire and the Appalachian mountains in the south. The farmers throughout the country are paying more attention to planting and caring for wood lots. The large consumers of timber, like the railroads, are treating timbers with chemical preservatives to prolong their life, and there is evidenced everywhere a tendency to exercise economy and care in the cutting and use of timber.

"In the so-called forest reserve states, the people have a much better understanding in regard to the aims and purposes of the national forests and a much better knowledge of the regulations for their use and occupancy. It is true that there is still much opposition, but it nearly all comes from large stockmen or corporations which are prevented from maintaining control over vast tracts of range or timber lands. The people as a whole, I think, believe the principle is correct and for the benefit of the community and that if there are abuses, they will be overcome with time and experience."

Vogeler's big Rose Sale, Tuesday, April 14. Beautiful garden roses only 19 cents.

Governor's club at Salt Lake, April 15. Train at 8 p. m. Public invited.

## DELEGATES PLEDGED TO GOVERNOR HUGHES

Continued From Page 1.

speech to President Roosevelt and Governor Hughes.

### Report on Credentials.

The committee on credentials decided to send both Niagara county delegates and to give each delegate half a vote, and to seat the sitting delegation in the Thirtieth assembly district New York contest. Meanwhile the committee on resolutions, sitting in a far corner of Carnegie hall, were struggling over a resolution submitted by Senator Brackett to request all delegates to the national convention to work for Governor Hughes. Congressman Dwight finally moved that Brackett's resolution be tabled, which motion was carried by a vote of 24 to 16. State Chairman Woodruff and others believed that the best interests of all concerned would be conserved if Senator Brackett was given an opportunity to present a minority report, and this permission was granted. Seven members of the resolutions committee signed the minority report. Edwin Merritt and Congressman George Maltby of St. Lawrence county vigorously opposed in committee passage of a resolution requesting that the tariff on wood pulp be immediately taken off, and their opposition prevailed.

It was not until near the end of Chairman Sherman's speech that the committee on resolutions finished its labors, and its chairman, State Senator Horace White of Syracuse, took the platform, amid a silence that indicated suppressed excitement, and read the platform endorsing Governor Hughes and commending the state and federal administrations. The selection of the four delegates-at-large and their alternates was quickly ratified by a unanimous vote of the convention.

### The Platform.

The platform as adopted says: "The Republican party of the state of New York at the beginning of a national campaign declares its continued allegiance to those principles of government which have given honor to the nation and prosperity to its citizens during the years it has been entrusted with the control of the government."

"At this time, when the welfare of the people so greatly depends upon the conduct of our government, a clear assurance of Republican victory in the nation and in the state this autumn would exert a powerful influence in restoring public confidence and in strengthening the widespread expectation of a speedy return of national prosperity."

"We endorse the great administration of President Roosevelt and we are proud that he is a Republican from New York. His noble work has exemplified the principles of equality upon which this government was founded and has presented a record of achievements which give to him for all time pre-eminence among the benefactors of the nation. His fearless and patriotic treatment of all questions involving our foreign relations has maintained and increased the respect for the American flag throughout the world."

### Praise for Roosevelt.

"With sound judgment and unflinching courage he has entered upon the solution of economic problems at home and has earnestly endeavored to secure every individual, whether rich or poor,

his constitutional guarantee of equality before the law. He has firmly opposed the encroachments of those corporations which, by evasion of law would destroy individual opportunity and has with equal firmness insisted upon a square deal for all.

"His policies are the Republican policies, and to them we pledge our continued loyalty and support. We believe in the impartial enforcement of the law and the rights of the individual in commercial, industrial and political affairs. We believe that corporations which take their right to exist from authority of government should be under the regulation and supervision of the government. But we are unequivocally opposed to government ownership of such corporations."

"We believe in protection to American industries. That principle must be maintained, but we approve of such revision of the tariff schedules as will prevent injustice and inequalities by retaining customs duties which shall at least equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad."

### Tariff, Banking and Navy.

"We endorse and approve the policy of congress in failing to revise the tariff by piecemeal. We recommend a revision that will maintain the policy of the Republican party as opposed to that of the Democratic party, that the tariff should not be for revenue only, but first of all for the protection of the American wage-earner, manufacturer, producer and farmer in the struggle against foreign capital and labor for commercial and industrial supremacy."

"We favor such changes in the currency and banking laws as will meet the increased demands of business, satisfy the needs of the entire country and present at all times a stable and absolutely secure medium of exchange, and we urge upon congress prompt action to this end."

The platform favors the upbuilding of the American navy; the speedy completion of the Panama canal; the development of the American merchant marine; the improvement of the inland waterways; the re-enactment of popular government in the Philippine islands, and commends the movement for the settlement of international differences and also of all disputes between labor and capital by arbitration."

### The Hughes Plank.

The platform concludes: "We endorse the administration of Governor Charles E. Hughes. As chief executive he has set an example of official courage and fidelity."

"Under his administration the business of the state has been so transacted as to merit and receive general commendation. It has been carried on economically and prudently. The public service has been upon a high plane."

"In the settlement of those economic questions which the state, the individual and the corporations share in their rights and responsibilities, Governor Hughes has striven to insure to each an exact measure of justice. His policies and his acts have been laid before the people like an open book."

"Relying upon his devotion to the interests of American citizens and trusting in his wisdom, his courage and his statesmanship, we direct the delegates this day chosen to present his name to the national Republican convention to be held at Chicago, as New York's candidate, and to use all honorable means to bring about his nomination for president of the United States."

## MOTHER APPEARS IN COURT

Eliza Denter Is Charged With Neglecting Her Children—Joseph as Interpreter.

Charged with neglecting her children, Eliza Denter, 532 East First South street, must appear in the juvenile court Tuesday.

Mrs. Denter is a German, and yesterday while in court to explain her actions could not make herself understood. Finally Harry Joseph, who is interested in the court work, volunteered to act as interpreter, and considerable amusement resulted from his efforts.

Mrs. Denter has eight children. Two of them, both girls, are now in the state industrial school at Ogden for immoral conduct; two are working and the other four are at home.

Friday evening Mr. Joseph was making the rounds when he ran across an 11-year-old boy and a 10-year-old girl. They were Mrs. Denter's children, and said that they had come home from school in the afternoon to find their mother gone and that she had not returned to give them any supper. It was then after 10 o'clock in the evening, and Joseph took the youngsters to a restaurant and filled them up and took them home. He discovered that Mrs. Denter had been away all day with two younger children and that she has for a long time failed to care for the youngsters as a mother should. As a result, two of her girls are in the industrial school.

In order to make the woman appreciate her duty, Joseph summoned her to appear yesterday, which she did, and her case was continued until Tuesday in order to give time for the filing of a complaint against her.

Why waste time and money planting poor roses, when you can get the very best quality, at 19c, Tuesday, at Vogeler's?

Job White, agent Pacific Manufacturing Book Co., can be addressed, The Butte Hotel, Butte, Mont.

Vogeler's big Rose Sale, Tuesday, April 14. Beautiful garden roses only 19 cents.

### NOTHING DOING.

(Philadelphia Press.)

"He tells me he expects to take two weeks' vacation at the seashore," said Jigley.

"Yes," replied Burroughs, "but he won't do it."

"Why? Won't his boss let him off?" "Oh, yes; but he's counting on paying his way with the \$50 I owe him."

Why waste time and money planting poor roses, when you can get the very best quality, at 19c, Tuesday, at Vogeler's?

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# Next Sunday is the Dress Parade of the Year

Are you going to make a creditable showing? When everybody else is out in his best, surely you will want to be in keeping with those you meet. The problem is not hard.



**Hart Schaffner & Marx,**  
when they began making men's clothes ready to wear and yet so cut as to fit men of all peculiarities of form, went a long way in solving it. Their clothes are made by expert tailors. They are styled by the highest class of designers and their fabrics are not only all wool, but most of them are their own patterns, made for them only. Their suits sell from \$20 to \$50 and not one but is really worth more money.

The new Knox hats have been shown for some time but their hat pre-eminence is not lessened on that account. Whether you will wear the conventional silk kind or the more popular derby or soft shape, the Knox label should be in it. It stands for the best.

Anything you need in Easter clothes you can find here. You can depend on it, too. When you buy here, no matter whether the item is large or small, our reputation for quality and price is behind it.

We should see you this week.

*Richardson & Adams*

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Main  
Street